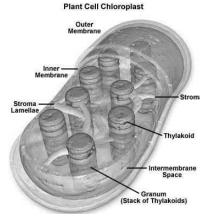
Name:	Date:	Period:

Photosynthesis: Making Energy

Chloroplasts

Photosynthesis is a process in which sunlight energy is used to make glucose. The site of photosynthesis is in the <u>chloroplast</u> – an organelle found in the leaves of green plants. The main functions of chloroplasts are to produce food (<u>glucose</u>) during <u>photosynthesis</u>, and to store food energy. Chloroplasts contain the pigment, *chlorophyll*. Chlorophyll absorbs most of the colors in the color spectrum, and reflects only green and yellow wavelengths of light. This is why we see leaves as green or yellow – because these colors are reflected into our eyes.



1.	What is photosynthesis?	
2.	Where does photosynthesis occur?	
3.	What are chloroplasts and where are they found?	
4.	What are the <u>two</u> main functions of chloroplasts?	
5. 5.	Why do most leaves appear green?	

Photosynthesis

Glucose is another name for sugar. The molecular formula for glucose is $C_6H_{12}O_6$. Plants make sugar by using the energy from sunlight to transform CO_2 from the air with water from the ground into glucose. This process, called photosynthesis occurs in the chloroplast of the plant cell. During this process, oxygen (O_2) is created as a waste product and is released into the air for us to breath. The formula for photosynthesis is:

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{(reactants)} & \text{(products)} \\ CO_2 + H_2O + sunlight ----> C_6H_{12}O_6 + O_2 \end{array}$$

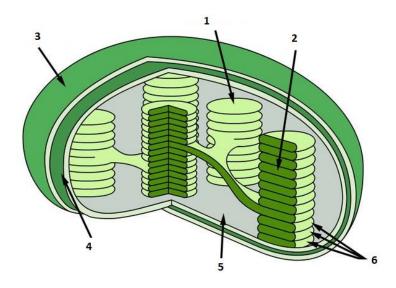
This formula says that <u>carbon dioxide</u> + <u>water</u> molecules are combined with the energy from <u>sunlight</u> to produce <u>sugar</u> and <u>oxygen</u>. The reactants in photosynthesis (what is used) are CO₂, water and sun. The plant gets water from the ground through its roots. The plant collects carbon dioxide from the air. Much of the carbon dioxide comes from living organisms that exhale (breath it out) it, but some also comes from factory smokestacks and car fumes.

	What is the formula for photosynthesis? What three things are used to make glucose in photosynthesis?				
	Where does the water come from?				
11. Na					
12. W					
We also us Photosynth	se this glucose by eating nesis is essential for all l	plants. The oxygen produced is	d by the plant for energy and growth. released into the air for us to breath. food and oxygen. Plants are considered d using this process.		
13. W	hat is produced in photo	osynthesis?			
		or?			
Photosyr	nthesis in pictures	Photosynthesis in words	Photosynthesis in symbols		
	sure to refer to the che	e, using scientific terms, how pla emical equation to photosynthe	ants turn sunlight into energy? sis and discus the reactants and		
					

Label the following diagrams: You may use your notes to help you. You will need to be able to do this for the test.

Word Bank: Outer membrane, inner membrane, granum, stroma, thylakoid, lumen

Chloroplast



Word Bank: CO2, H2O, Sugar, O2, NADPH, NADP+, ATP, ADP

